

RETAIL

## LVMH, Herms and Kering suffer from China's COVID-19 clampdown

May 13, 2022



*Sales for top-notch luxury players were good in the first three months of 2022, mostly thanks to Europe and the Americas as China faced new COVID-19 problems. Image credit: Gucci*

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The tables have turned from when China was leading luxury growth for high-end houses last year.

Now, the reopened markets of the United States and Europe are seeing plenty of revenge spending and making the most of it. But fears over [China's COVID-19 resurgence](#), as well as factors such as Russia's war against Ukraine and rising inflation, are spooking investors.

### LVMH

Global sales in the quarter ending March 31 hit \$19 billion (127 RMB), up 23 percent (comparable growth) for the French luxury conglomerate. But revenue would have been even higher if not for the negative impact in March of new COVID-19 restrictions in China.

This was manifested in LVMH's Asia (excluding Japan) segment, where sales only managed an anemic performance: a single-digit rise of 8 percent. The year-on-year growth in the same quarter last year was 86 percent.

Asia was the only region not to see double-digit gains in the first quarter: the U.S. grew 26 percent, Japan 30 percent and Europe 45 percent. The end result was that Asia's share of LVMH's sales dropped from 41 to 37 percent in the period.

The flagship [Hennessy cognac](#) brand, a favorite in China, was down 18 percent on its global sales volumes: squeezed by supply and logistics constraints on the one hand, especially in the U.S., and multiple Chinese factors which, apart from COVID's resurgence, included the unfavorable timing of Chinese New Year.

Sephora too, while rebounding, was hit by reduced store traffic on the mainland. And travel retailer DFS is still counting the cost of missing Chinese consumers in its stores in Hong Kong and elsewhere in Asia, as well as in [La Samaritaine](#) in Paris.

LVMH's overall improved financial performance sent its share price upwards after the results were revealed on

April 12. However, since then it has tumbled.

In the past month the stock is down 12 percent and year-to-date it has fallen 23.6 percent.

## Herms

The group's first-quarter consolidated revenue reached \$2.9 billion (19.5 billion RMB), up 27 percent at comparable exchange rates with the most dynamic sales coming from the group's own stores, especially in the U.S. and Europe, excluding France. Both markets over-performed the average with 44 percent growth.

It was a different story in Asia (excluding Japan) where an underwhelming uplift of 20 percent was the result of a mix of factors that were **not in the mix last year**. Only Japan grew less at 17 percent.

The company said it had benefited at the beginning of 2022 from "a very good Chinese New Year" and from "sustained activity, especially in Thailand, Singapore and Australia."

But Herms added in a statement: "Since mid-March, Greater China has been penalized by new health restrictions and some store closures, particularly in Shanghai and Shenyang."

The brand's stores in Pacific Place in Hong Kong and One Central in Macau reopened after renovation in January and February, respectively, while a new store opened **in Zhengzhou** at the end of March, marking the first Herms store in the province of Henan.

In March, the company also held a "Herms Fit" event in Bangkok, Thailand, highlighting fashion accessories **themed around sport**. It followed events in New York and Paris.

Among Herms' product segments, the best growth came from watches up 62 percent to \$141.55 million (950.58 million RMB) followed by the brand's number two category of ready-to-wear and accessories, which includes belts, costume jewelry, gloves, hats and shoes. It grew by 44 percent to \$750.4 million (5 billion RMB), catching up to leather goods/saddlery's \$1.27 billion (2.3 trillion RMB) in the quarter.

Herms' share price has been on a downward trend since its results announcement April 14 and may dip below the \$1,000 (6,700 RMB) mark, something not seen since April 2021.

In the past month, the stock is down 19.5 percent and year-to-date it has fallen 32 percent.

## Kering

The owner of Bottega Veneta, Gucci and Yves Saint Laurent opened the year with first quarter group revenue of \$5.24 billion (35.1 billion RMB), up 21 percent on a comparable basis.

However, the weakest growth for Kering came from its biggest money spinner **Gucci** at just 13 percent, contributing \$2.75 billion (18.4 billion RMB) to the pot.

YSL had the strongest quarter with growth of 37 percent to \$780.6 million (5.2 billion RMB), though all Kering's houses posted double-digit revenue growth. Other notable risers were Balenciaga and Kering's eyewear division.

Kering said that Gucci's performance was "solid," but admitted Asia Pacific was a more "mixed" picture due to COVID lockdown measures at the end of the first quarter, notably in mainland China.

In fact, the region was flat and did not deliver any growth in the first quarter, whereas Western Europe was up 75 percent and North America up 42 percent.

CEO Francois-Henri Pinault commented in a statement: "Gucci's strong showing in North America and Europe was overshadowed by its exposure to China, where we are boosting its organization to fully capture the vitality of the market. We opened 2022 on a very solid first quarter [but] in a more uncertain environment, notably impacted by tightening COVID restrictions in China since March."

Kering's results released April 21 were not well received, possibly due to Gucci's slow pace. Since then the stock has fallen to below \$528 (3,545 RMB) for the first time in about two years.

Over the past month, the shares have slipped by 16 percent and year-to date they are down 35 percent.

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